# **COMPUTATIONAL LOGIC**

## **Course Introduction and Organization**



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### Logic

### Can be this...

$\frac{\Gamma, A[t/x], \forall xA, \Delta \to \Lambda}{\Gamma, \forall xA, \Delta \to \Lambda} ~(\forall: lef$	t) $\frac{\Gamma \to \Delta, A[y/x], \Lambda}{\Gamma \to \Delta, \forall xA, \Lambda}$	$(\forall : right)$
$\frac{\Gamma, A[y/x], \Delta \to \Lambda}{\Gamma, \exists x A, \Delta \to \Lambda} ~(\exists: left)$	$\frac{\Gamma \rightarrow \Delta, A[t/x], \exists x A, \Lambda}{\Gamma \rightarrow \Delta, \exists x A, \Lambda}$	$(\exists : right)$

Note that in both the  $(\forall : right)$ -rule and the  $(\exists : left)$ -rule, the variable y does not occur free in the lower sequent. In these rules, the variable y is called the eigenvariable does not occur free in the conclusion of the rule is called the eigenvariable does not occur free in the conclusion of the rule is called the eigenvariable condition. The formula  $\forall XA$  (or  $\exists XA$ ) is called the principal formula of the inference.

The axioms of G are all sequents  $\Gamma \to \Delta$  such that  $\Gamma$  and  $\Delta$  contain a common formula.

### 5.4.2 Deduction Trees for the System G

First, we define when a sequent is falsifiable or valid.

**Definition 5.4.2** (i) A sequent  $A_1, ..., A_m \rightarrow B_1, ..., B_n$  is *falsifiable* iff for some structure **M** and some assignment *s*:

$$\mathbf{M} \models (A_1 \land ... \land A_m \land \neg B_1 \land ... \land \neg B_n)[s]$$

Note that when m = 0 the condition reduces to

$$\mathbf{M} \models (\neg B_1 \land ... \land \neg B_n)[s]$$
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# Logic

### but also this:

	RISC Algorithm Language (RISCAL)	_ = ×
File Edit SMT Help		
The characteristic set is a set in the set of the set o	Analysis Translation: Nondeterminism Default Value: 0 Other Values: 0 Franslation: Nondeterminism Default Value: 0 Other Values: 0 Number 2014 Number 2014 N	Tasks           ● Execute spectration           ● Execute spectration           • Verify spectration           • Verify specification precondition           • Verify specification preconditions           • Verify specification preconditions           • Verify specification preconditions           • Verify specification preconditions           • Verify the ation and recursion           Verify implementation preconditions

## Contents

- Goal: an introduction to the computational aspects of formal logic.
  - Generally: abstract syntax, formal semantics, proving calculus.
  - Propositional logic: automatic decisions by "SAT solvers".
  - First-order logic: model checking, automated proving, interactive proving.
  - Quantifier-free logic: automatic decisions over certain theories by "SMT solvers".
  - Throughout the course: application examples.
- Prerequisite: already a practical understanding of formal logic.
  - Mathematics: course "Logic as a Working Language" (W. Windsteiger).
  - Computer science: course "Logic" (M. Seidl, W. Schreiner, W. Windsteiger).
  - ...
- Prepares for: more in-depth courses on selected topics.
  - Propositional logic: course "SAT Solving" (FMV/Seidl).
  - First-order logic: course "Automated Resoning" (RISC/Jebelean, Kutsia).

o ...

### A combination of theoretical and software presentations.

## Literature



### We will variously present OCaml software from John Harrison's book.

### **Software**

- Code and resources for "Handbook of Practical Logic and Automated Reasoning": https://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/~jrh13/atp
- Sequent Calculus Trainer:
  - https://www.uni-kassel.de/eecs/fmv/software/sequent-calculus-trainer
- The MiniSat Page: http://minisat.se/
- Limboole: http://fmv.jku.at/limboole
- The RISC Algorithm Language (RISCAL): https://www.risc.jku.at/research/formal/software/RISCAL
- The RISC ProofNavigator: https://www.risc.jku.at/research/formal/software/ProofNavigator/
- Tree Proof Generator: https://www.umsu.de/trees
- SWI Prolog: https://www.swi-prolog.org
- Vampire: https://vprover.github.io
- Isabelle: https://isabelle.in.tum.de
- The Z3 Theorem Prover: https://github.com/Z3Prover/z3

## **The Course Virtual Machine**

No need for self-installation, a virtual machine provides all the software.

### https://www.risc.jku.at/people/schreine/courses/software/#virtual

#### Virtual Machine [Video Presentation]

You can run a virtual GNU/Linux machine (Debian 10 "buster") with the course software pre-installed on your own (MS Windows or Mac OS X or Linux) computer. All you need is

- A computer with 4 GB main memory and 16 GB free disk space.
- · The free "VirtualBox" virtualization software.

To download and install VirtualBox, visit

#### VirtualBox

Download the appropriate VirtualBox binary and start the installation as described (MS Windows: just click on the .n

After the installation, download the virtual machine stored in file

#### Debian10RISC.ova

(about 6 GB large). Then start VirtualBox (MS Windows: menu entry "Programs/Oracle VM VirtualBox/Vi

This virtual anchine runs a 6-46 operating system for which you need a 6-46-07 (while hardware virtualization suges) 10. While all notice runs a for 40 operating system for which you need a 6-46-07 (while hardware virtualization suges) 10. While all notice runs all of the system of the system

When you start the virtual machine, a Debian GNU/Linux system with the Xfce desktop environment starts up. You

User: guest Password: guest

# VirtualBox

#### Welcome to VirtualBox.org!

VirtualBox is a powerful xB6 and AMD64/Intel64 virtualization product for enterprise as well as home use. Not only is VirtualBox an extremely feature rich. high performance product for enterprise customers. It is also the only professional solution that is freely available as Open Source Software under the terms of the GNU General Public License (GPL) version 2. See "About VirtualBox" for an introduction.

Presently, Virtual@ox.runs.on.Windows, Linux, Macintosh, and Solaris hosts and supports a large number of guust operating systems including but not limited to Windows (HT 40, 2000, RP, Server 2003, Vista, Windows 7, Windows 10), DOS/Windows 3.x, Linux (2.4, 2.6, 3.x and 4.x), Solaris and Opersiolaris, OS2, and OpenBSC

VirtualBox is being actively developed with frequent releases and has an ever growing list of features, supported guest operating systems and platforms it runs on. VirtualBox is a community effort backed by a dedicated company: everyone is encouraged to contribute while Oracle ensures the product always meets professional quality criteria.



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#### News Flash

We're hiring! Looking for a new challenge? We're

in 3D area (Europe/Mussia/India). Veri April 29th, 2021 VirtualBox 6.1.22 released! Oracle today released a 6.1

Oracle today released a 6.1 maintenance release which improves stability and fixes regressions. See the Changelog for details.

New April 20th, 2021 VirtualBox 6.1.20 released! Oracle today released a 6.1 maintenance release which improves stability and flues regressions. See the Changelog for details.

New January 19th, 2021 VirtualBox 6.1.18 released! Oracle today released a 6.1 maintenance release which improves stability and fixes regressions. See the Changelog for details.

VirtualBox 6.1.16 released! Oracle today released a 6.1 maintenance release which improves



About

## John Harrison's OCaml Software

### https://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/~jrh13/atp

The course VM provides shell scripts ocamlprop (propositional logic) and ocamlfol (first-order logic) for simple interactive use.

OCaml version 4.05.0 Camlp5 parsing version 7.01 # - : bool = true

### OCaml source code in /software/Harrison/OCaml/atp\_interactive.ml 7/9

## **Course Outline**

- 1. Propositional Logic: Syntax and Semantics.
- 2. Propositional Logic: Proofs.
- 3. Propositional Logic: Modern SAT Solving.
- 4. Propositional Logic: Applications of SAT Solving.
- 5. First-Order Logic: Syntax and Semantics.
- 6. First-Order Logic: Proofs.
- 7. First-Order Logic: Software for Proving.
- 8. First-Order Logic: The Method of Analytic Tableaux.
- 9. First-Order Logic: The Resolution Method.
- 10. First-Order Logic: Reasoning about Equality.
- 11. SMT Solving: Decidable Theories.
- 12. SMT Solving: Combining Decision Procedures.

## **Course Organization**

12 units consisting of lectures and exercises.

- Lectures: Wolfgang Schreiner.
  - Theoretical and software presentations.
  - Graded by a written exam at the end of the semester.
- Exercises: Wolfgang Schreiner/Nikolaj Popov.
  - 10 exercise sheets to be elaborated within two weeks (paper&pencil/software).
  - Grading scheme will be explained in the first exercise unit.
- Moodle Course: https://www.risc.jku.at/people/schreine/courses/ws2021/complogic
  - Requires self-registration in Moodle and self-enrolment in course.
  - Questions per messages in the "Questions and Answers" forum.
  - Upload exercises as single PDF files (may include photos of handwritten sheets).
    - Possibly an archive with additional "formal" files for use by software.